

# Harjeet Parvesh & Company CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

(A PEER REVIEWED FIRM)

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO
THE MEMBERS OF FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMTED

# Report On the Audit of The Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements of FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss(including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement for Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act 2013, as amended("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its profits including other comprehensive income its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under these Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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# Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report 2021-22 but does not include the Standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the Standalone Ind AS Financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal Control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

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# **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purpose of our audit;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement Of Changes In Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015 as amended;
  - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.

- (g) In our opinion, there is no managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2023 paid / provided by the Company to its directors as per provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as amended , in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- a) The Company does not have any pending litigations which have impact on its financial position.
- b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

c) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Harjeet Parvesh & Co

Chartered Accountants (Regd No.:017437N)

Partner: CA KONICA MADAN

Membership No.:547759
Place of Signature:Mohali

Date: 05/09/2023

UDIN: 23547759BGROGI2985

"Annexure-A" Referred to in paragraphs under the heading "Report on other Legal and regulatory requirements "of our Report of even date

Re: M/s FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMTED ('the Company')

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) According to information and explanations given by the management, the company has a system of physical verification of all its fixed assets over a period of four years. In accordance with this programme, certain fixed assets were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
  - (c) According to information and explanations given by the management, the title deeds of immovable properties included in fixed assets are held in the name of the Company.
  - (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
  - (e) No proceedings have been initiated against the company for holding any Benami Property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act 1988 and rules made there under.
- (ii) As explained to us, the inventories, excluding stocks with some of the third parties, were physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification. In respect of inventories lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by them.
  - (b) The quarterly returns or statements are not required to be filed by company with banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- (iii) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not granted loans, secured or unsecured to Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained u/s 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security made.
- (v) The Company has not accepted deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of The Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.
- (vi) As informed to us, the maintenance of Cost Records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the company.

- (vii) According to information and explanations given to us in respect of Statutory Dues;
  - (a) The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it though there have been slight delays in few cases.
  - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, sales-tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable
  - (c) There were no dues outstanding of income-tax, sales-tax, , service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise ,value added tax and cess on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no transactions which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessment under Income tax Act, 1961.
- (ix) a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to a financial institution, bank or Government.
  - b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
  - c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us Long term Loans were applied for the purpose they were obtained.
  - d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us funds raised on Short term basis were applied for the purpose they were obtained.
  - e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not taken any funds from entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
  - f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Hence, the requirement to report on clause of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term loans
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) In our opinion, the provisions of section 138, of Companies Act 2013 are not applicable to the company, hence it is not required to have an internal auditor appointed accordingly, the provisions of clause (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) the Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) In our opinion, the company has incurred cash losses in the financial year of Rs 91.66 lacs and in preceding financial year of Rs 14.26 lacs
- (xviii) There is no resignation of the statutory auditor during the year, accordingly, the provisions of clause (Xviii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xix) In our opinion, on the basis of financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of Board of directors and management's plans no material uncertainty exists as on date of audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities at the date of balance Sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- xx) In our opinion, the Provisions of Section 135(5) Of the Companies Act are not applicable to the Company, the provisions of clause (xx) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not Commented upon.

xxi) In our opinion the financial statements are stand alone statement and consolidation is not required, the provisions of clause (xxi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

For Harjeet Parvesh & Co Chartered Accountants

(Regd No.:017437N)

Partner: CA KONICA MADAN Membership No.:547759

Place of Signature:Mohali Date: 05/09/2023

UDIN: 23547759 BGROGI2985

"Annexure B" to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statements of Fortune (India) Constructions Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

To the Members of FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMTED

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMTED("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements.

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# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these standalone Financial Statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Harjeet Parvesh & Co

of NY

Chartered Accountants (Regd No.:017437N)

Partner: CA KONICA MADAN GARN VOCO. Membership No.:547759

---Place of Signature: Mohali Date: 05/09/2023

DOIN: 235477.59BGROGI 2985

# FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2023**

		(4	Amount in '000)
Particulars	Note No.	As at	As at
rai ticulai S	note no.	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Property , Plant & Equipments	1	384	384
Financial Assets			
Investments	_		
- In Others	2	233,748	233,748
Deferred Tax Asset	3	127	163
Other Non-Current Assets	4	297,982	299,573
	Sub Total	532,241	533,868
Current Assets	_		
Inventories	5	110,593	144,695
Financial Assets	•	70.440	
-Trade Receivables	6	73,148	66,975
-Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Current assets	7 8	57,715	25,980
Other Current assets	8	21,108	21,147
	Sub Total	262,564	258,797
	Grand Total	794,804	792,665
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		101,001	.02,000
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	9	735,400	735,400
Other Equity	10	(35,763)	(26,561)
·	<b>Sub Total</b>	699,637	708,839
Liabilities			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	11	83,219	83,269
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
-Trade Payables	12	3,416	110
Other Current Liabilities	13	8,478	392
Provisions	14	54	54
	Sub Total	95,167	83,825
	Grand Total	794,804	792,664

Significant Accounting Policies

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Notes referred to above and attached there to form an integral part of Balance Sheet

For Fortune (India Constructions Limited)

Himanshu Jain (Director)

Date: 05/09/202 Place: Mohali

Annie Mehta (Director)

For Harjeet Parvesh& Co.

Konica Madan (Partner)

M.No.547759

UDIN: 23547759B9R09I2985

# FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED PROFIT & LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED AS ON 31ST March , 2023

(Amount in '000)

Sr. No	Particulars	Note No	2022-23	2021-22
1	Revenue from Operations	15	38773	71370
11	Other Income	16	474	2782
111	Total Revenue (I +II)		39248	74152
IV	Expenses:			
	Cost of Flat/Land Sale		34103	67499
	Employee Benefit Expense	17	1558	604
	Finance Costs	18	0	1
	Depreciation and Amortization Expense	19	0	0
	Other Expenses	20	12753	7474
	Total Expenses (IV)		48414	75578
V	Profit before Tax	(III - IV)	-9166	-1426
	Less:Exceptional Items			
	Profit after extraordinary and exceptional items		-9166	-1426
VI	Tax expense:			
	(1) Current Tax		,	
	(2) Deferred Tax Liab(Assets)		36	42
	(3) Income tax paid for Earlier Year			
VII	Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax		-9202	-1468
VIII	Earning per equity share:			
	(1) Basic			
	(2) Diluted			

Significant Accounting Policies

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Notes referred to above and attached there to form an integral part of P&L A/c

For Fortune (India Constructions Limited)

Himanshu Jain (Director)

05/09/2023

Place: Mohali

Date:

As per our

Annie Mehta

(Director)

For Harjeet Parvesh& Co.

CA Konica Madan (Partner)

M.No.547759

UDIN: 2354 7759 BGR091298

# FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st March, 2023

			(Amount in '000)
	PARTICULARS	2022-23	2021-22
A)	Cash Flow from Operating Activities:		
	Net Profit before tax & extraordinary items	-9166	-1426
	Adjustment for Depreciation	0	0
	Interest Recevied	-472	-536
	Interest paid	0	0
	Operating Profit before working capital changes	-9638	-1962
	Adjustments for:		
	Increase in Share Capital	0	634400
	Increase /(decrease) in Current Assets	27968	72444
	Increase /(decrease) in Current Liabilities/ Provisions	11392	-66138
	Income Tax paid/adjust	0	0
	Net Cash Flow from operating activities (A)	29722	638744
В)	Cash Flow from Investing Activities:		
	Sale/Purchase of Investment	0	0
	Interest Received	472	536
	Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (B)	472	536
C)	Cash Flow from Financing Activities:		
•	Interest Paid	0	0
	Investment in Debentures	0	6000
	Recoveries from long term loans and advances given	1591	2500
	Proceeds from Long Term Borrowing( Net)	-50	-635411
	Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (C)	1541	-626911
	Net Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	31735	12369
	Cash Equivalents as at 31.03.2023	57715	
	Cash Equivalents as at 31.03.2022	25980	25980
	Cash Equivalents as at 31.03.2021	0	13611

# **AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE**

We have verified the above Cash Flow Statement of M/s Fortune (India) Constructions Ltd. for the year ended on 31st March 2023 from the books and records maintained by the Company and have found it in accordance therewith.

As per our separate report of even date

For Fortune (India Constructions Limited)

NDIA) CONS

Himanshu Jain

(Director)

Annie Mehta

(Director)

Date: 05/09/2023 Place: Mohali As per our separate report of even date attached

For Harjeet Parvesh & Company

Chartered Accountants

A Konica Madan Partner

M.No. 547759

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

A Equity Share	Capital (Refer	Note No.	9 }
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Particulars	As on 31.03.2023	As on 31.03.2022
	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	73540000	73540000
Issued in current year	0	0
Balance at the end of the reporting period	73540000	73540000

# B.Other Equity [Refer note 10]

# Rs in '000

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus	Total other Equity
	<b>Profit &amp; Loss</b>	
Balance as at 31.03.2021	-25,093	-25,093
Profit (Loss) for the Year	-1,468	-1,468
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	· -	-
Total comprehensive income	-1,468	-1,468
Balance as at 31.03.2022	-26,561	-26,561
Profit (Loss) for the Year	-9,202	-9,202
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-9,202	-35,763
Balance as at 31.03.2023	-35,763	-35,763

As per our separate report of even date

For Fortune (India Constructions Limited)

separate report of even date attached

For Harjeet Parvesh & Company

**Chartered Accountants** 

Himarshu Jain (Director)

NAC Manimajra

**Annie Mehta** (Director)

CA Konica Madan

Partner

Date: 05/09/2023 Place: Mohali

M.No. 547759

	of Flats 22-23 Inventory 31-03- Inventory 31-03-23 23	11,539,638 9 14,836,677	17,468,657 21 45,855,224	5,094,397 6 15,283,191	34,102,692 36 75,975,093
	Cost of Flats 21-22 Inventory 31-03-22 No of Flats Sold Cost of Flats 22-23 22-23	5 7	8	3	11 17
	Inventory 31-03-22	26,376,315	63,323,881	20,377,588	110,077,784
	Cost of Flats 21-22	29,673,355	21,835,821	15,283,191	66.792.367
	No of Flats Sold 21-22	18	10	9	34
	Cost Per Flat	1,648,520	2,183,582	2,547,198	176.870.151
	Total Area	29,750	45,201	18,928	93.879
	No of Flats	34	39	14	87
Ş	Sq Feet area No of Flats	875.00	1,159.00	1,352.00	
COST OF FLATS	Туре	2 BHK	3 BH关	Penthouse	

FLAT INCOME TO BE BOOKED for Income tax purpose

	Inventory 31- 03-23	
Туре		F.Y 2022-23
2 BHK	6	324,000.00
з внк	21	882,000.00
Penthouse	9	360,000.00
Total	36	1,566,000.00



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1. Property, Plant & Equipments

3	C. NAME OF ASSETS		SPOK BLOCK	BIOCK			DEPRECIATION		()	(Amount in '000)
i ė	MAINE OF ASSESS	AS ON	PURCHASES	SALE	AS ON	OT 9U	DEPRECIATION	UPTO	AS ON	AS ON
		01.04.2022			31.03.2023	01.04.2022	FOR THE YEAR	31.03.2023	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	Tangible Assets (Owned)									
1	AIR CONDITIONER	211	0	0	211	201	0	201	11	11
7	COMPUTERS	476	0	0	476	452	0	452	24	24
m	ELECTRICAL FITTINGS	51	0	0	51	49	0	49	7	7
4	FURNITURE & FIXTURE	1459	0	0	1459	1388	0	1388	71	11
S	TV/LCD	147	0	0	147	140	0	140	7	7
9	MISC FIXED ASSETS	55	0	0	55	52	0	52		m
7	MOBILE	19	0	0	. 67	64	0	64		æ
∞	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	30	0	0	30	23	0	29	2	7
6	VEHICLE	5221	0	0	5221	4960	0	4960		261
	TOTAL	7718	0	0	7718	7334	0	7334		384
	FIGURES AS ON 31.03.2023	7718	0	0	7718	7334	0	7334	384	384
	FIGURES AS ON 31.03.2022	7718	0	0	7718	7331	4	7334	384	387

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Note: Depreciation is charged in accordance with the provisions of schedule II of Companies Act 2013.

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# FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED Notes Forming Integral Part of the Financial Statements as at 31st March, 2023

2. NON	CURRENT INVESTMENT		
	nvestments		(Amount in '000)
Sr. No.		2022-23	2021-22
	Unquoted Investments (carried at FVTOCI)		
	"Related Parties"		
	- Investment in Equity Share Capital	38055	38055
	- Investment in 0% Reedemable Convertible Debentures	155693	155693
	Others		
	- Investment in Equity Share Capital	20000	20000
	- Investment in 0% Convertible Debentures	20000	20000
	Total	233748	233748
	•		
3. DEFE	RRED TAX		
Sr. No	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Deferred Tax Asset	127	163
	Total	127	163
		12,	103
	ny has not maintained Defered Tax asset as it is not probable that taxa sed tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised.	ble profit will be available a	gainst which
	ER NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
-	red , Considered good)		•
Sr. No.	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Security Deposit	724	654
2	Other Loans & Advances		
	- Advances Recoverable from related parties	192035	192035
	- Advances Recoverable from others	105223	106884
	Total	297982	299573
	i Otai	23/382	233373
EODTIIN	NE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED		
	orming Integral Part of the Financial Statements as at 31st March, 2	022	
NOTES I	orning integral Part of the Financial Statements as at 515t March, 2	023	
5. INVE	NTORIES		
(As take	n ,valued and certified by Management)		
Sr. No.	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Land	34618	34618
2	Flats	75975	110078
_	Total	110593	144695
	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	110000	177033
6. TRAD	DE RECEIVABLES		
(Unsecu	red, Considered good)		
Sr. No.	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Outstanding for less than 6 months		2022 22
	- Related Parties	0	0
. 2	Outstanding for more than 6 months	ŭ	O .
_	- Related Parties	65240	65240
	- Others	7908	1736
	Total	7308 731/18	1/35 66075



Total



73148

66975

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Trade Re	ceivable Ageing sche	dule			
CULA	Outstandng for following	periods from due dat	e of payment/Tran	saction (IN Rs.)	
	ess than 6 months	6 months to 1 year		·	1-2 years
Trade receiva bles –					
conside (ii) Undisp					-
uted Trade					
Receiva bles - (m)					
Undisp uted Trade					
Receiva bles – (10) Disput					
ed Trade					
Receiva Disput ed					
Trade Receiva bles -					
(vi) Disput ed					
Trade Receiva					
7. CASH	& CASH EQUIVALENT				
	Cash-in-Hand	Particulars		2022-23	2021-22
	Cash Balance mprest		Sub Total (A)	1816 • 1816	1826 1 <b>826</b>
-	Bank Balance n current Accounts		222 . 350. 17.17	46918	15597
	ixed Deposits		Sub Total (B)	46918	15597
F	ixed Deposit With Banks		Sub Total (C)	8981 <b>8981</b>	8557 <b>8557</b>
	Total [ A + B +C]			57715	25980

# 8. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Unsecured , Considered Good)

Sr. No.	Particulars		2022-23	2021-22
1	Balance with Revenue Authorities		17939	17939
2	Loans & Advances Recoverable		3170	3208
	(Advance Recoverable in cash or in kind of	or for value to be		
	received & considered good)			
	Total Total	<b>k</b> /	2421/521108	21147

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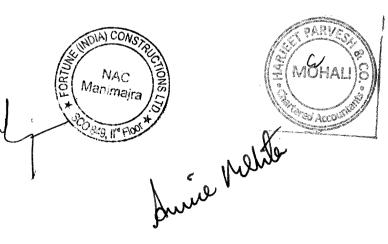
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# FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED Notes Forming Integral Part of the Financial Statements as at 31st March, 2023

# 9. SHARE CAPITAL

10.

SHARE CAPITAL			(Amount in 1000)
Sr. No	Particulars	2022-23	(Amount in '000) 2021-22
1	AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL	750000	750000
	7,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each.	750000	750000
	(Previous Year 25000000 Equity Shares of Rs		
2	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & PAID UP CAPITAL		
	7,35,40,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each, Full	735400	735400
	Paid up in cash		
	( Previous year 10,100,000 Equity		
	Shares of 10/- each )		
z	Total	735400	735400
1	The details of Shareholders holding more than 5	5% shares:	
Sr. No	Name Of Shareholders	2022-23	2021-22
		No. of Shares (%)	No. of Shares (%)
1	Ind Swift Laboratories Ltd	73540( 100%)	73540( 100%)
1	The reconciliation of the number of shares outs	tanding is set out below	<b>v</b> :
Sr. No	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	73540	10100
2	Add: Shares issued during the year	0	63440
3	Equity Shares at the end of the year	73540	73540
RESERVES & SU	RPLUS		
Sr. No	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
	Surplus (Profit & Loss Account)		
1	As per last Balance Sheet	-26561	-25093
2	Add: Profit for the period	-9202	-1468
3	Total	-35763	-26561



# 11. LONG TERM BORROWINGS

Sr. No	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Unsecured Loans		
	0% Convertible Debentures		
	-From Others	81662	81662
	Others		
	- From Related Parties (ICD)	107	107
	- From Other Parties	1450	1500
	Total	83219	83269

# FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

Notes Forming Integral Part of the Financial Statements as at 31st March, 2023

# 12. TRADE PAYABLES

Sr. No	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Creditors For Goods and services	3416	110
	Total	3416	110

# **Creditor Aeing Schedule**

Particulars	Outstanding for following	ng periods from du	e date of payment/Transaction	on	
	less than 1 year		1-2 years	2-3 years More th	an 3 years
MSME	,	-	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b> ,	· -
Others		3,306	-	-	110
Disputed					
Disputed-MSME					

# FORTUNE (INDIA) CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

Notes Forming Integral Part of the Financial Statements as at 31st March, 2023

# 13. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Sr. No	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Expenses Payable	228	56
2	Advances Received	8250	136
3	Other Payables	0	200
	Total	8,478	392

# 14. PROVISIONS

Disputed-Others

Sr. No	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Provision for Auditor's Remuneration	54	54

Total 54

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# 15. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

SR.	PARTICULARS	2022-23	2021-22
1	Sales of Flats	38773	68870
2	Sales of Land	0	2500
	Total	38773	71370
16 . OT	HER INCOMES		
20.01.	PARTICULARS	2022-23	2021-22
1	Interest Received		
	- FDR's	468	530
	- IT Refund	4	6
2	Misc. Income	3	2246
	Total	474	2782
17 ENA	PLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES		
Sr. No.	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
31. 140.	r ai ticulai s	2022-23	2021-22
1 .	Salaries & Wages	1558	604
	Total	1558	604
18. FIN	IANCIAL COST		•
Sr. No.	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Bank Charges	0	1
	Total	0	1
19. DEP	RECIATION & AMORTISED COST		
Sr. No.	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
1	Depreciation	0	0
	Total		
20. OT	HER EXPENSES		
Sr. No.	Particulars	2022-23	2021 22
	Rates, Fee & Taxes	2022-23	<b>2021-22</b> 3872
	Repair & Maintainence	6491	2450
	Professional & Legal Expenses	39	47
			40
	Miss Expenses	40	244
	Auditor Remuneration	o the PARVS	59
	Balances Written off	0	762
	Selling & Distribution	16 40 59 0 4046	0
	Total (B)	(3 MOHALI) 12753	7474
	NAC Manimal So	Proved Account	•

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: -

#### 1 BACKGROUND

Headquartered in Chandigarh, India, Fortune (India) Constructions Ltd is a public limited company incorporated on 23, Feb 2005 under the provision of companies Act. 2013. Company is into construction Business.

#### 2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016, as applicable. For periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the then applicable Accounting Standards in India ('previous GAAP'). The date of transition to Ind AS was April 1, 2017. Refer detailed notes for the explanations of transition to Ind AS including the details of first-time adoption exemptions availed by the Company.

#### 3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for; - certain financial assets and liabilities.

# 4 PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT

#### 4.1 COST OF PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT

All Property, plant and equipment held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are valued at cost/revalued cost net of tax credit wherever eligible. Cost includes all expenses and borrowing cost attributable to the project till the date of commercial production / ready to use.

#### 4.2 DEPRECIATION /AMORTIZATION

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period. with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. Depreciation is provided on straight line method at the rates specified in schedule II of the Companies Act 2013 on pro rata basis and the assets having the value upto Rs. 5000 have been depreciated at the rate of 100%. Lease hold Land is amortized over the period of lease. The policy of company is to provide depreciation on the Buildings , Plant & Machinery and Other Fixed assets from the date of commercial production/ ready to use.

# 4.3 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Properties that is held for long-term rentals or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of the investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Investment property are depreciated using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives.

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of its investment property recognised as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of investment properties.

# 5 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets have been capitalised as part of cost of assets. Other Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value, Cost includes all charges in bringing the goods to point of sale. Cost is determined on FIFO method as follows. PARV

- a) Flats at Cost Price or NRV which ever is lower
- b) WIP (Project Work) at cost price or NRV which ever is lower

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- c) Materials & consumables (project work) at cost price or NRV which ever is lov
- d) Land at cost price or NRV wehich evr is lower

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Cost Account

#### 7 REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' with the date of initial application being April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115 establishes a comprehensive framework on revenue recognition. Ind AS 115 replaces Ind

AS 18 'Revenue' and Ind AS 11 'Construction Contracts'.

a) Sale of goods and Services - Performance obligation at a point in time. Revenue from the sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts. Revenue is recognised on the basis of despatches in accordance with the terms of sale when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of the goods can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing effective control over, or managerial involvement with, the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. The timing of transfers of risk and rewards varies depending on the individual terms of sale. Revenue from services is recognized in accordance with the specific terms of contract on performance. Other operating revenue includes interest income, scrap sales etc. The entire income under other operating revenue is recognised on accrual basis except in the case of interest income which is recognised using effective rate of interest method.

b) Construction contracts - Performance obligation over time. The Company uses the 'percentage of completion method' to determine the appropriate amount to recognise revenue in a given period. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the contract costs incurred upto the end of the reporting period as percentage of total estimated costs for each contract. Expected loss, if any, on the construction / project related activity is recognized as an expense in the period in which it is foreseen, irrespective of the stage of completion of the contract. While determining the amount of foreseeable loss, all elements of costs and related incidental income not included is taken into consideration. In respect of construction contracts, revenue includes variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included in contract revenue to the extent that may have been agreed with the customer and are capable of being reliably measured.

#### CONTRACT BALANCES

#### Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets.

#### Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

#### 8 RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The retirement benefits of the employees include Gratuity , Provident Fund & Compensated absences. No provision is being made for these benefits.

#### 9 TAXATION

#### 9.1 Current tax

Current tax is the tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the standalone statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

# 9.2 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the standalone financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laxs) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set-off against future tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the Balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

# 9.3 Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

# 10 PROVISION, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

A provision is recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made to settle the amount of obligation. Provision is discounted to its present value wherever required and is determined based on the last estimate required to settle the obligation at the year end. These are reviewed at each year end and adjusted to reflect the best current estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in notes when there is a possible obligation that rises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

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Year Account

#### 11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

# 11.1 Investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

The Company has accounted for its investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures at cost less impairment.

#### 11.1.1 Other financial assets and financial liabilities

Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial recognition and measurement: Other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and

Subsequent measurement: Financial assets at amortised cost. Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and contractual terms of financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

# 11.1.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and selling financial assets.

# 11.1.3 Financial assets at fair value through Profit & loss Account

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction cost directly attributable

to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### 11.2 Financial liabilities

#### 11.2.1 Recognition of Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

#### 11.2.2 De-Recognition of Financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed shall be recognised in profit or loss account. Further the company applies extinguishment accounting/modification accounting as per IND-AS 109.

#### 11.3 Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments recognised by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost.

# 12 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, Corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

# 13 TRADE RECEIVABLES & ADVANCES

Sundry debtors outstanding for more than three years at the end of Balance Sheet date will be written off from the books of accounts except disputed debtors having matters pending under different Courts.

Other advances and related party balances outstanding for more than 3 years are reviewed by the management at the end of every financial year and are written

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off as per the judgment of the management.

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# 14 OPERATING CYCLE

The Group's normal operating cycle in respect of operations relating to the construction of real estate projects may vary from project to project depending upon the size of the project, type of development, project complexities and related approvals. Operating cycle for all completed projects is based on 12 months period. Assets and liabilities have been classified into current and non-current based on their respective operating cycle

# 15 KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# 15.1 Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This assessment may result in change in the depreciation expense in future periods.

#### 15.2 Litieations

As explained in note 39.1, the Company is a party to certain commercial disputes and has also received notification of claims for significant amounts. There are number of factors that may affect the ultimate outcome in respect of this matter and accordingly, it is difficult to assess the impact of these disputes with accuracy.

# 16 OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting Policies not specifically referred to are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

#### 17 KEY RATIOS -A NNEXURE ATTACHED

# 18 DISCLOSURE OF TRANSACTIONS WITH STRUCK OF COMPANIES

The company did not have any material transaction with companies struck off under Section 248 of the companies Act 2013 or section 560 of the companies act 1956 during the financial year.

# 19 ADDITIONAL REGULATORY DISCLOSURES

No transaction to report against the following disclosures as notified by MCA Pursuant to ammendment in Schedule III

- a) Crypto Currency or virtual Currency
- b) Benami Property held under Prohibition of Benami Transactions Act , 1988 and rules made there under
- c) Registiration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies
- d) Compliance with number of layers of companies
- e) Relating to Borrowed funds
- i) Wilful Defaulter
- ii) Utilization of Borrowed funds and share premiuim
- iii) Borrowings obtained on the basis of Security of Current Assets
- iv) Discrepancy in Utilization of Borrowings
- v) Current Maturity of long term borrowings
- f) Title deeds of immovable properties.

For Harjeet Parvesh & Co

Chartered Accountants (Regd No.:017437N)

CA Konica Madan

Partner Membership No.: 547759 Place of Signature: Mohali

Date: 05/09/2023

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	Annexure-A
List of Related Parties and their relationsh	lip
Associate	NA
Subsidiary	NA
Others(Entities in which KMP or their relative is a Director: or KMP or their relative excercises cintrol	PUNJAB RENEWABLE ENERGY PRIVATE ESSIX BIOSCIENCES LIMITED
	IND SWIFT LABORATORIES LIMITED IND SWIFT LIMITED DASHMESH MEDICARE PRIVATE LIMITED Swift Fundamental research & Education
Key Management person	Mr. Annie Mehta Mr. Himanshu Jain Mr. Sahil Munjal Mr.Subhash Chander galhotra Mr.KAMAL KANT

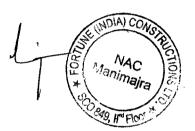
Nature of transaction	Inter Corporates (Common Directors)		KMP & Relatives	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
Sale of goods and services	0.00	0.00		-
Interest Received	0.00	0.00	-	
Debit balances outstanding				·····
Loans & Advances	192034.85	192034.85	-	-
Debtors	65239.51	65239.51	-	-
Investments	193747.50	193747.50	_	_
Credit balances outstanding				
Unsecured Loans	107.04	107.04		
Advance against flats	0.00	0.00		
Other payables	0.00	0.00		



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# Fortune(India) Constructions Ltd Ratios as on 31.03.2023

SNO	PARTICULARS	Numerator	Denominator	RATIO AS ON 31.03.2023
1	Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilties	465.4435025
2	Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Funds	0.11747304
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for Debt Service Net profit after taxes-Preference	Shareholder's Funds	-0.017118409
4	Return on Equity (ROE)	dividend	Average Shareholder equity	-0.001032442
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Sales	Average Inventory	0.390125536
6	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net credit Sales	Average account receivables	0.590125556
7	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	19.44890831
8 -	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sales	Average Working Capitals	0.275401642
9	Net Profit Ratio	Net profit after taxes	Net Sales	-0.020567258
10	Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before interest and Taxes	Capital Employed	-0.017039829



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